



# Substrate Selection & Print Quality

Vladimir Tyulpin



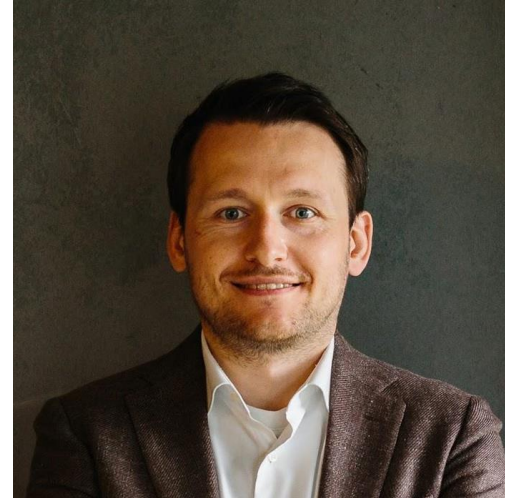
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# Content & Introduction

Matching substrate to the digital printing process.

Ink transfer, print quality and substrate selection for:

- a. Dry Toner
- b. Liquid Toner
- c. Inkjet (UV curable inks)
- d. Water-based Inkjet



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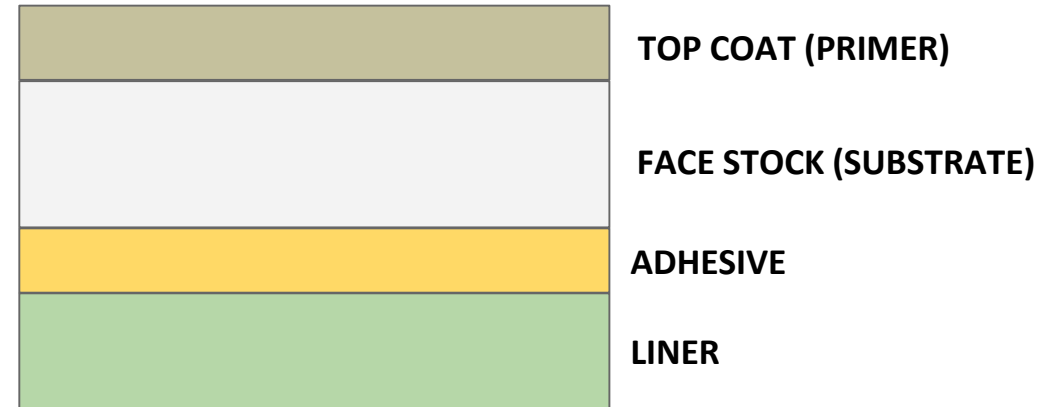
Global Segment Manager - Digital  
Avery Dennison

# Printing on PSL substrate

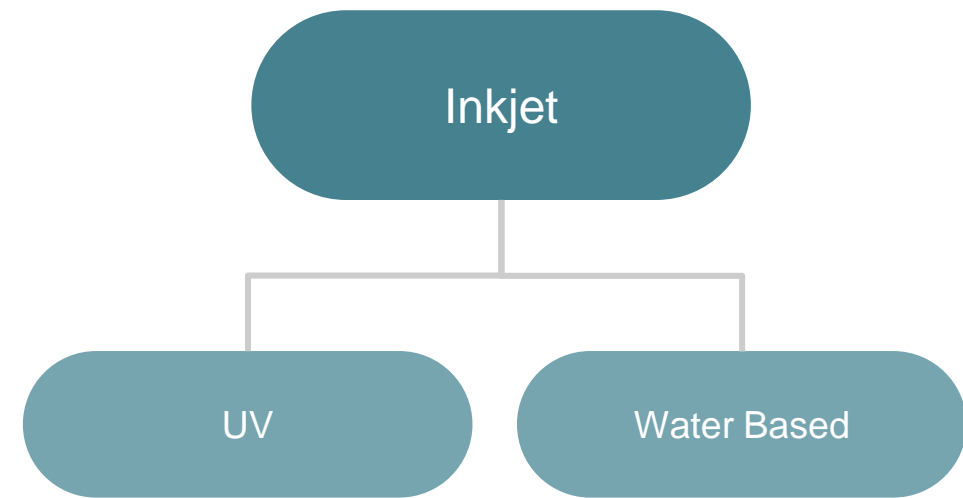
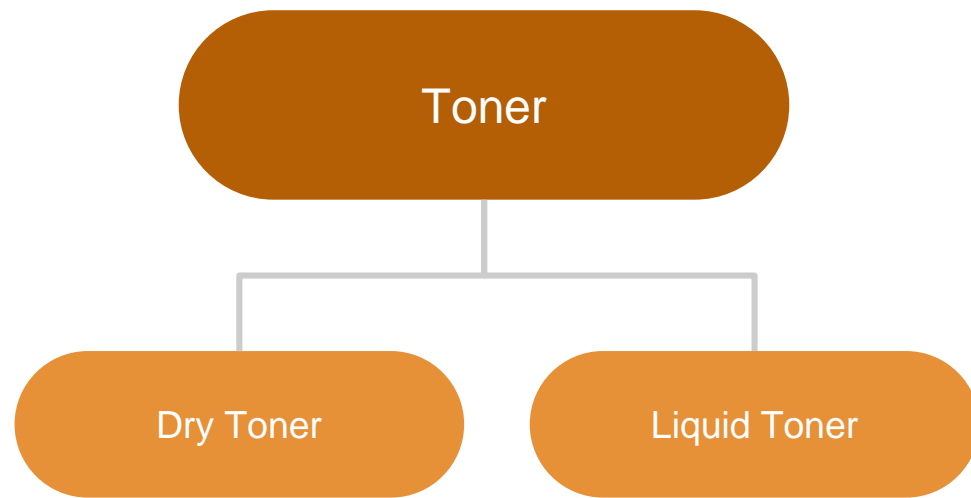
Digital inks and toners have different properties and apply on the substrates in the different environments comparing to conventional printing.

It is often necessary to modify the substrate surfaces to achieve optimal print performance. Surface modification is most frequently achieved through application of coating (primer / top coat).

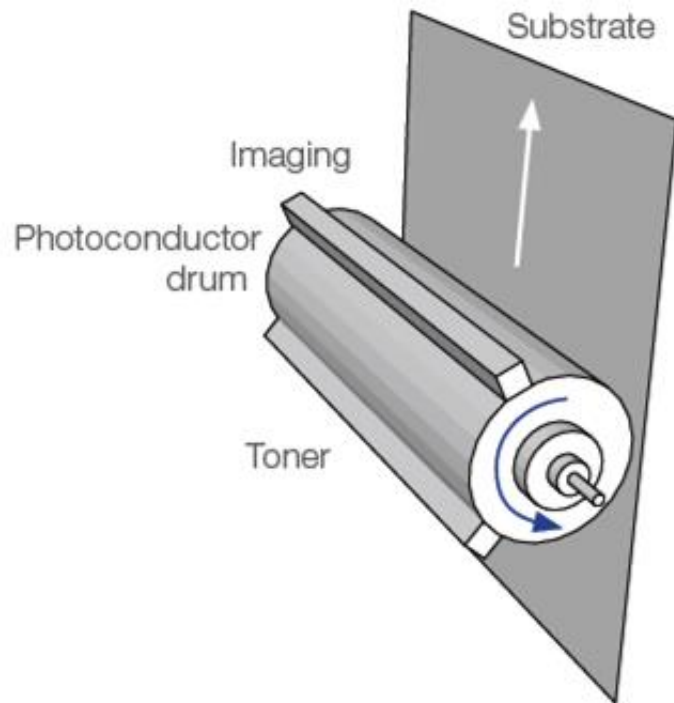
## PSL Label section



# Digital Label Printing Technologies



# Dry Toner: Ink Transfer & Adhesion



## In a printing process with a dry toner technology:

- > Image is electrostatically transferred to the substrate
- > The toner is fused by applying heat and pressure to fix the image
- > Heat causes the toner particles to melt and forming a homogeneous image layer on the substrate

# Dry Toner: Substrate requirements

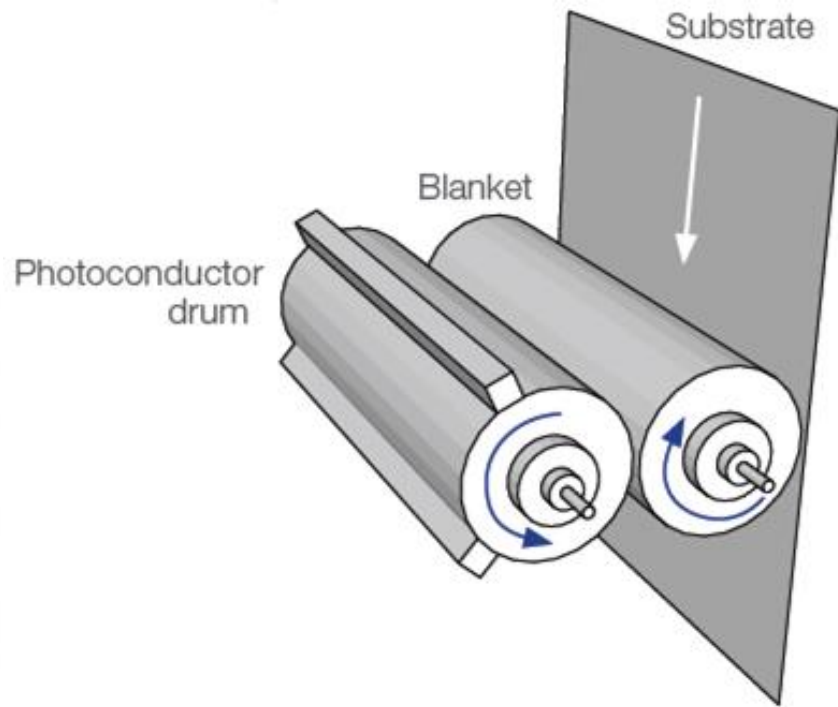
No special top coat is required.

## Important considerations:

- Heat sensitive substrates
  - PE & other conformable substrates
  - Xeikon's ICE toner
- Heat sensitive adhesives (hot-melt)
- Metalized materials



# Liquid Toner: Ink Transfer & Adhesion



## In a printing process with a liquid toner technology:

- > Image is transferred by the carrier liquid to an intermediate heated blanket
- > At the blanket toner particles coagulate and the carrier liquid evaporates
- > It leaves a homogeneous image layer which is transferred to the substrate

# Liquid Toner: Substrate requirements

Special technology optimized topcoat is required.

## Important considerations:

- Application technology - materials coated at large industrial scale are the most controllable
- Surface roughness - smoother is better
- Coating chemistry - special formulations





# Liquid Toner: In-line vs. off-line considerations

Pre-coated



Consistency and color  
accuracy

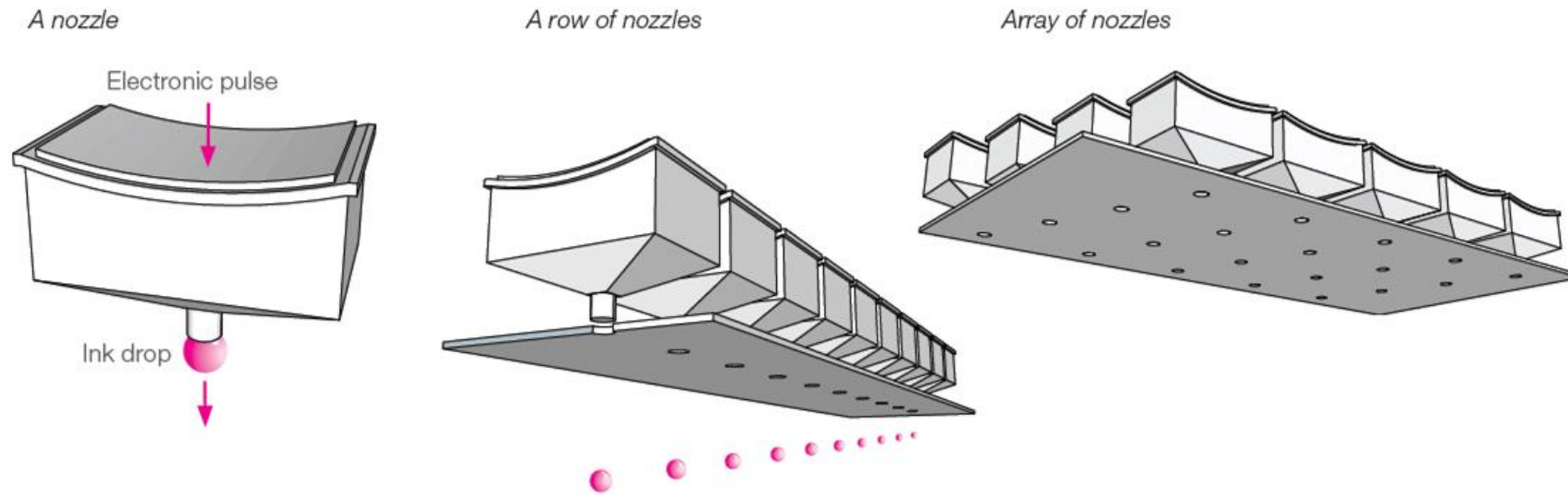
In-line priming



SKU optimization (digital and  
analog press)

- Pre-optimized substrates are especially recommended for textured substrates, such as wine labels.

# Inkjet: Ink Transfer & Adhesion



In a printing process with Inkjet technology the ink is transferred through the tiny nozzles to the substrate and subsequently cured (non-contact process).

> **UV Inkjet:** Curing through UV lamp. Ink contain 100% solids.

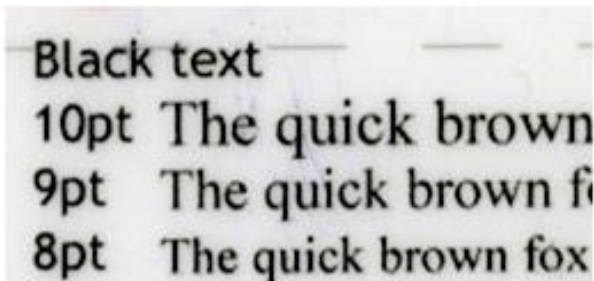
> **Water-based Inkjet:** Curing through evaporation. Ink contain around 5% color / 95% ink vehicle.

# UV Inkjet: Substrate requirements

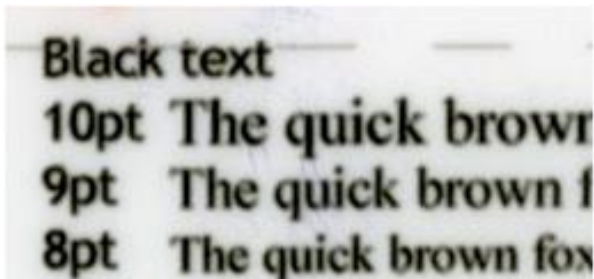
Top coat is required to achieve good image quality. Some top coats used for UV flexo are also suitable for UV Inkjet technology.

## Example 1: Matt BOPP

Technology optimised top coat



Standard top coat



## Example 2: Uncoated structured paper

Technology optimized top coat    No top-coat



# Water-based Inkjet: Substrate requirements

Special technology optimized topcoat is required.

- > Ink transfer and adhesion dictates a unique condition for substrate treatment - thick porous topcoat for ink reception and anchorage.
- > Unlike in other digital print technologies, in water-based top coat is used to store the ink vehicle (water) before it evaporates.



# Summary

<b>Toner Dry</b>	<b>Toner Liquid</b>	<b>Inkjet UV</b>	<b>Inkjet WB</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>&gt; No need for special materials</li><li>&gt; Standard substrates can be used</li><li>&gt; The use of heat sensitive and metallized substrates can be limited.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>&gt; Special technology dedicated top-coat is required</li><li>&gt; Top-coating can be applied off-line (material manufacturer or converter) and in-line</li><li>&gt; Off-line large scale top coat application provides more consistency</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>&gt; Top coat is required to achieve optimum print performance. While some top-coats used for flexo printing perform well with UV Inkjet technology, some cases require dedicated top-coats.</li><li>&gt; Top-coating is usually applied off-line (material manufacturer)</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>&gt; Special technology dedicated top-coat is required</li><li>&gt; Thick layer of top-coat is required to absorb ink vehicle</li><li>&gt; Top-coating is applied off-line (material manufacturer)</li></ul>

Thank you!  
Q&A



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